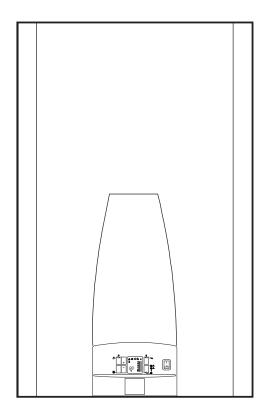
schuster



BWA

R 50 R 70

Attention: this manual contains instructions for the exclusive use of the professionally qualified installer and/or maintenance technician in compliance with current legislation. The user is NOT qualified to intervene on the boiler. The manufacturer will not be held liable in case of damage to persons, animals or objects resulting from failure to comply with the instructions contained in the manuals supplied with the boiler. IGENERAL INFORMATION......4 General warnings 4 1.2 1.3 Appropriate use of appliance5 1.4 Safety warnings6 1.5 1.6 17 Water treatment8 Technical features 9 2.2 2.3 2.4 2.5

3.2 3.3 3.4 3.5 36 Connections21 3.7 Filling the system 22 3.8 Electrical connections 23

| 30 |
|----|
| 30 |
| 32 |
| 33 |
| 35 |
| 36 |
| |

1

GENERAL INFORMATION

1.1 -GENERAL WARNINGS

The instruction booklet is an integral and essential part of the product and must be kept by the user.

Read the warnings contained in this instruction booklet carefully as they provide important guidelines regarding installation, use and maintenance safety.

Keep the booklet with care for further consultation.

Installation and maintenance must be performed in compliance with the standards in force according to the instructions of the manufacturer, up to standard and by personnel qualified and certified in compliance with law.

Systems for the production of domestic hot water MUST be constructed entirely with compliant materials.

By professionally qualified personnel we mean: personnel with specific technical skill in the field of heating system components for civil use, domestic hot water production and maintenance. Personnel must have the qualifications provided for by current legislation.

Incorrect installation or improper maintenance can cause damage to persons, animals or objects for which the manufacturer is not responsible.

Before performing any cleaning or maintenance, disconnect the appliance from the energy mains by acting on the switch of the system and/or through the specific cut-off devices.

Do not obstruct the terminals of the intake/exhaust ducts.

In case of failure and/or malfunctioning of the appliance, switch it off and do not try to repair it or intervene on it directly. Contact only personnel qualified in compliance with law.

Any repairs must be performed solely by personnel authorised by Schuster, <u>using original spare parts only</u>. Failure to comply with the above can compromise the safety of the appliance and void the warranty.

To guarantee appliance efficiency and its correct operation, yearly maintenance must be performed by qualified personnel.

Should you decide not to use the appliance, parts entailing potential sources of hazard must be made safe.

Before commissioning an appliance that has not been used, wash the domestic hot water production system, making the water flow until it has been fully replaced.

Should the appliance be sold or transferred to a new owner or if you move and leave the appliance, always make sure that the instruction booklet accompanies it in order to be consulted by the new owner and/or installer.

Only original accessories must be used for all appliances with optionals or kits (including electric).

This appliance is intended solely for the use for which it was expressly designed.

Any other use is to be considered improper and therefore dangerous (*).

1.2 -SYMBOLS USED IN THE MANUAL

Pay special attention when reading this manual to the parts marked by the symbols:



DANGER! Serious danger to safety and health



ATTENTION!

Possible dangerous situation for the product and the environment



NOTE! Tips for the user

1.3 -APPROPRIATE USE OF APPLIANCE



The BWA R 50 / 70 boiler has been built according to the current level of engineering and acknowledged technical safety rules.

Nonetheless, if improperly used, dangers could arise for the safety and life of the user and other persons or damage to the equipment or other objects.

The appliance is designed to work in heating systems, with hot water circulation, for the production of domestic hot water.

Any other use is considered improper.

For any damage resulting from improper use Schuster assumes no responsibility.

Use according to the intended purposes also includes strict compliance with the instructions in this manual.

1.4 -INFORMATION PROVIDED TO THE USER



The user must be instructed concerning the use and operation of his heating system, in particular:

- Deliver these instructions to the user, as well as other documents concerning the appliance inserted in the envelope inside the packaging. The user must keep this documentation safe for future consultation.
- Inform the user about the importance of the air vents and the flue gas exhaust system, highlighting their essential features and the absolute prohibition of modifying them.
- · Inform the user concerning controlling the system's water pressure as well as operations to restore it.
- Inform the user concerning correct temperature control, control units/thermostats and radiators for saving energy.
- Please note that, in compliance with the standards in force, the inspection and maintenance of the appliance must be carried out in compliance with the regulations and frequency indicated by the manufacturer.
- Should the appliance be sold or transferred to a new owner or if you move and leave the appliance, always make sure that the instruction booklet accompanies it in order to be consulted by the new owner and/or installer.

The manufacturer will not be held liable in the event of damage to persons, animals or objects resulting from failure to comply with the instructions contained in this manual.

1.5 - SAFETY WARNINGS



ATTENTION!

The boiler cannot be used by children.

The boiler can be used by adults and only after having carefully read the user's manual Children should be supervised to ensure that they do not play or tamper with the device.



ATTENTION!

The appliance must be installed, adjusted and maintained by professionally qualified personnel, in compliance with the standards and provisions in force. Incorrect installation can cause damage to persons, animals and objects for which the manufacturer cannot be held responsible.



DANGER!

NEVER attempt performing maintenance or repairs on the boiler on your own initiative.

Any work must be done by professionally qualified personnel. We recommend stipulating a maintenance contract. Insufficient or irregular maintenance can jeopardise the operating safety of the appliance and cause damage to persons, animals and objects for which the manufacturer cannot be held responsible.



Changes to the parts connected to the boiler (once the boiler installation is complete) Do not modify the following parts:

- the boiler
- the gas, air, water and electricity supply lines
- the flue gas pipe, the safety valve and the exhaust pipe
- the construction parts which affect the operating safety of the appliance.



Attention!

To tighten or loosen the screwed fittings, use only appropriate fixed spanners.

Incompliant use and/or inappropriate tools can cause damage (e.g. water or gas leakage).



ATTENTION!

Indications for propane gas-fired appliances

Make sure that the gas tank has been deaerated before installing the appliance.

For state-of-the-art tank venting, contact the LPG supplier or person qualified in compliance with the law requirement. If the tank has not been professionally deaerated, ignition problems could arise.

In that case, contact the supplier of the LPG tank.



Smell of gas

Should a smell of gas be perceived, follow these safety guidelines:

- do not turn electric switches on or off
- do not smoke
- do not use the telephone
- close the gas shut-off valve
- air out the area where the gas leakage has occurred
- inform the gas supplier or a company specialised in installation and maintenance of heating systems.



Explosive and easily flammable substances

Do not use or store explosive or easily flammable materials (e.g. petrol, paints, paper) in the room where the appliance is installed.



ATTENZIONE!

DANGER!

Do not use the appliance as a supporting base for objects.

In particular, do not place receptacles containing liquids (Bottles, Glasses, Jars or Detergents) on top of the appliance. If the appliance is installed inside a housing, do not insert or rest other objects inside this housing.

1.6 -TECHNICAL DATA PLATE

CE marking

Model

The CE marking certifies that the boilers meet:

- The essential requirements of the gas appliance directive (directive 2009/142/EEC)
- The essential requirements of the electromagnetic compatibility directive (2004/108/EEC)
- The essential requirements of the efficiency directive (92/42/ EEC)
- The essential requirements of the efficiency directive (directive 2006/95/EEC)

KEY:

- 1 = CE monitoring body
- 2 = Type of boiler
- 3 = Boiler model
- 4 = Number of stars (directive 92/42 EEC)
- 5 = (S.N°) Serial Number
- 6 = P.I.N. Product Identification Number
- 7 = Types of approved flue gas exhaust configurations
- = (NOx) NOx Class
- A = Heating circuit characteristics
- 9 = (Pn) Effective nominal output
- 10 = (Pcond) Effective output in condensation
- 11 = (Qmax) Maximum heat output
- 12 = (Adjusted Qn) Adjusted for rated heat output
- 13 = (PMS) Max. heating operating pressure
- 14 = (T max) Max. heating temperature

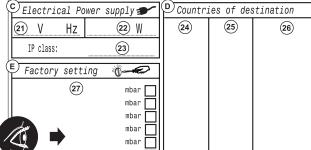




Pn 9 kW Pcond 10 kW

TE LITE Of A CONT OF A CO

PMS (13) bar T max (14) °C 工 (15) kW D (16) 1/min Domestic hot water ħ (17) F factor R factor (18) (19) bar PMW (20) T max



 B = Domestic hot water circuit characteristics

- 15 = (Qnw) Rated heat output in domestic hot water function (if different to Qn)
- 16 = (D) Specific D.H.W. flow rate according to EN 625 EN 13203-1
- 17 = (R factor) No. of taps according to the declared amount of water (EN 13203-1)
- 18 = (F factor) No. of stars according to the declared quality of the water (EN 13203-1)
- 19 = (PMW) Max. domestic hot water operating pressure
- 20 = (T max) Max. domestic hot water temperature
- C = Eletrical characteristics
- 21 = Electrical power supply
- 22 = Consumption
- 23 = Protection rating
- D = Countries of destination
- 24 = Direct and indirect countries of destination
- 25 = Gas category
- 26 = Supply pressure
- E = Factory settings
- 27 = Adjusted for gas type X
- 28 = Space for national brands

1.7 - WATER TREATMENT



The treatment of the supply water allows to prevent inconveniences and maintain the functionality and efficiency of the generator over time.



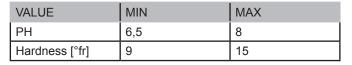
ATTENTION!
ANY DAMAGE TO THE BOILER CAUSED BY
THE FORMATION OF FOULING OR BY CORROSIVE WATER WILL NOT BE COVERED BY
THE WARRANTY.



The ideal water pH in heating systems must be within:

| 1 | |
|----------|---|
| • | |
| | 1 |

ATTENTION (*) see general warnings 1.1 The <u>heating only</u> models are NOT suitable for the production of water for human consumption according to Ministerial Decree D.M. 174/2004.





To minimise corrosion, it is crucial to use a corrosion inhibitor; in order for it to work properly, the metal surfaces must be clean. (see system protection ACCESSORIES sect. in domestic price list)

1.8 - BOILER ANTIFREEZE PROTECTION

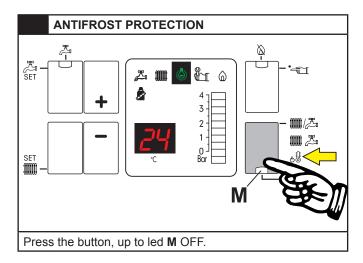


This protection can intervene only if the electricity and gas supplies are connected. If one of the two is not available and upon reset 11 (SR) a temperature between $2 \div 5^{\circ}C$ is detected, the appliance will behave as described in tab. pos 2.



The heating system can be protected effectively from frost by using antifreeze products with inhibitor for heating systems (specific for multidmetal)

Do not use car engine antifreeze products as they could damage the water gaskets.

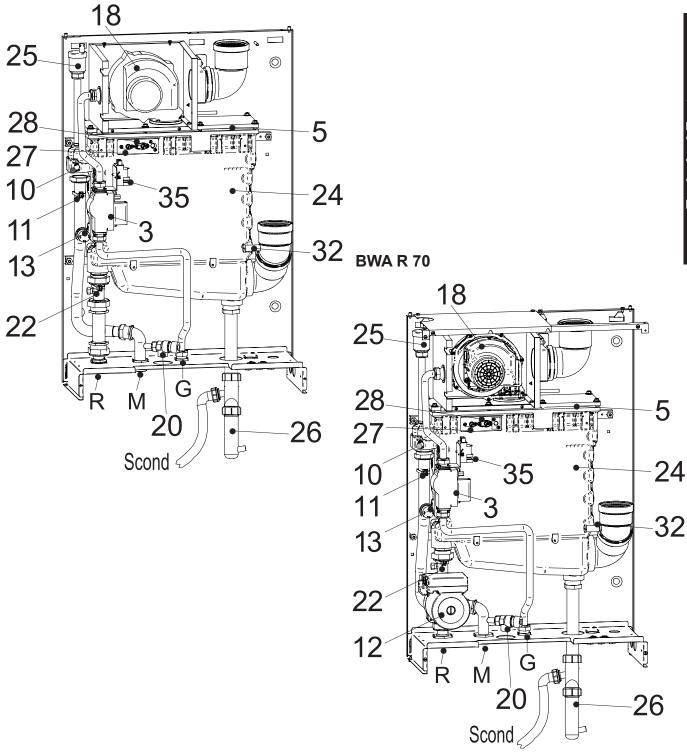


| Р | | | | ANTIFREEZE FUNC | CTION | |
|------------------------|----------------|-----|-----------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| 0 | Power supplies | | 11 - SR (*) Status function | | Actions | |
| S | Electric | Gas | | antifreeze | | |
| 1 | ON | ON | T < 7 °C | ON | - Burner and Pump ON until T > 15°C | |
| | ON | OFF | | | Only when both the power supplies are ON: | |
| 2 | OFF | ON | <2T<5°C | ON | FAULT CODE Fr (E16) (see par. 4.6 ERROR CODES). | |
| | OFF | OFF | | | Ignition disabled. | |
| (*) Sensor 11 par. 2.2 | | | | | | |

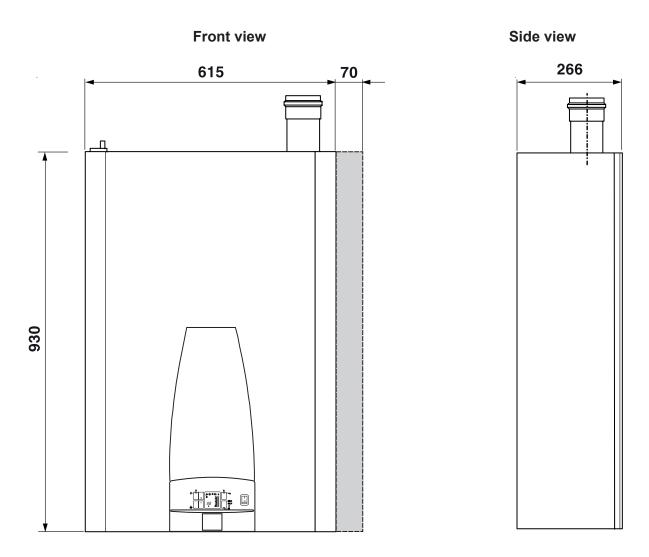
TECHNICAL FEATURES AND DIMENSIONS

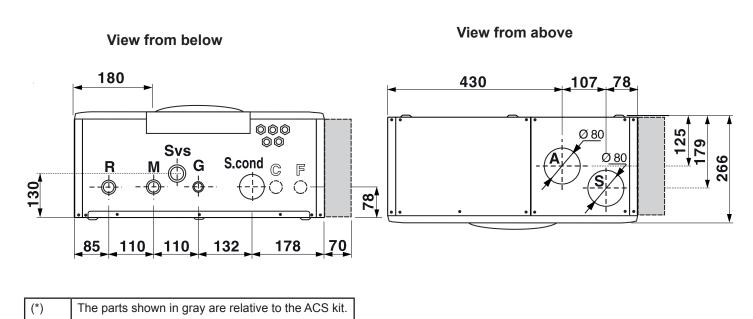
2.1 -TECHNICAL FEATURES

2.2 - VIEW WITH THE INDICATION OF THE MAIN COMPONENTS BWA R 50



2.3 - DIMENSIONS



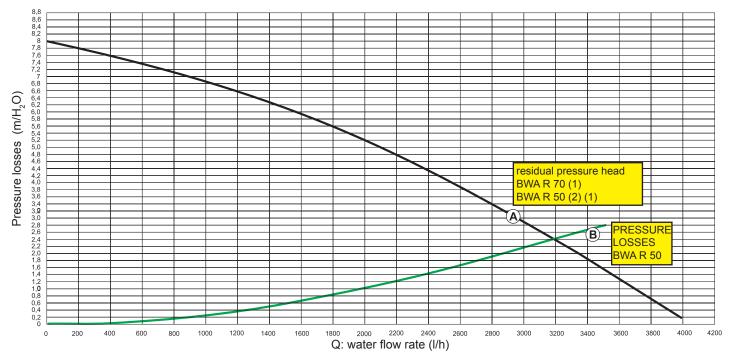


| KEY | | | |
|-----|----------|-------------------|--|
| N° | C.E. | S.E. | Description |
| 1 | db | SS | Domestic hot water temperature sensor (N.U.) |
| 2 | | FLS | Flow switch with cold water filter (N.U.) Optional |
| 3 | | VG | Gas valve |
| 4 | Fd | E. ACC /RIL | Ignition/detection electrode (N.U.) |
| 5 | | | Burner |
| 6 | | | Combustion chamber (N.U.) |
| 7 | AF | TF | Flue gas anti-overflow thermostat (N.U.) |
| 8 | | | Expansion vessel (N.U.) |
| 9 | FR HT | | Heat exchanger (N.U.) |
| 10 | HL | TL | Safety thermostat |
| 11 | Hb | SR | Heating temperature sensor |
| 12 | Ht | Р | Pump (optional on BWA 50) |
| 13 | Lp | DK | Water deficiency pressure switch |
| 14 | | | Boiler drain valve (N.U.) |
| 15 | | | Filling valve (N.U.) |
| 16 | | | Diverting Valve (N.U.) |
| 17 | | | Plate heat exchanger (N.U.) |
| 18 | FL FH | VM | Fan |
| 19 | AF AS | PV | Flue gas pressure switch (N.U) |
| 20 | | | Safety valve |
| 21 | | | Automatic by-pass (N.U.) |
| 22 | rb | SRR | Return temperature sensor |
| 23 | tf | TLC | Flue gas collector safety thermostat (N.U.) |
| 24 | | | Aluminium Heat Exchanger/ Capacitor |
| 25 | | | Vent valve |
| 26 | | | Condensation drain trap |

| 27 | | E. RIL. | Detection electrode | | | |
|-------|------|------------|---|-----------|---------|--|
| 28 | | E. ACC. | Ignition electrode | | | |
| 29 | | | Return shut-off valv | e (N.U.) | | |
| 30 | | SMG | Sensor Flow General | al (N.U.) | | |
| 31 | | | Condensation dra | in trap (| N.U.) | |
| 32 | | | Outlet flue inspectio | n | | |
| 33 | | | Heatthing Controller | r HSCP | (N.U.) | |
| 34 | | | Gas cocks (N.U.) | | | |
| 35 | | | Ignition Trasformer | | | |
| 36 | | | Non return valve (N | .U.) | | |
| | | | | | | |
| BWA | | | | 50 | 70 | |
| С | | | Domestic hot water outlet (only with ACS kit) | | | |
| G | | | Ingresso gas | G ¾" | G ¾" | |
| F | | | Cold water inlet (only with ACS kit) | | | |
| М | | | Heating system flow | G 1" | G1 1⁄4" | |
| R | | | Heating system return | G 1" | G1 1⁄4" | |
| | | | | | | |
| Rc | | | Filling valve (N.U.) | | | |
| Sc | | | Boiler drain (N.U.) | | | |
| Svs | | | Safety valve drain | (N.U.) | | |
| Scond | | | Condensation dra | | | |
| Α | | | Air Suction Ø 80 | | | |
| S | | | Exhaust Smoke Ø 80 | | | |
| | C.E. | | = ERROR CODES | S see p | ar. 4.6 | |
| | | S.E. | =WIRING DIAGRAM KEY see par. 4.5 | | | |
| (N.U) | | | | | | |

2.4 - DIAGRAM OF FLOW RATE/PRESSURE AVAILABLE FOR INSTALLATION

- A) Head gain available net losses of boiler (for boilers with pump supplied by Schuster)
- B) Head losses between flow and return (For boilers supplied without pump)



- (1) VALUES REFER TO THE MAX SPEED
- (2) ONLY IF EQUIPPED WITH OPTIONAL PUMP

| The table provides an indication the flow the pump in function of the ∆t of the primary circuit. | | | | |
|--|----|---------|----------|--|
| | BV | VA R 50 | BWA R 70 | |
| Power supply in kW | | 49,3 | 68,5 | |
| Max flow rate demanded I/h (∆t 15 K) | | 2826 | 3927 | |
| Nominal flow rate request (Δt 20 K) | | 2120 | 2946 | |



If the pump are determined by the installer or designer must be sized according to the data of the boiler and system.

It is recommended to choose a pump with the rate and delivery head at about 2/3 of its characteristic heating curve.

The Δt between supply and return boiler must never be less than 15 $^{\circ}$ K.



NOTE:

The use of a mixing header fitted between the boiler circuit and the system circuit is always advisable. It becomes INDISPENSABLE if the system requires flow rates superior to the maximum permitted boiler flow rates, which is to say lower than 15K.

2.5 -OPERATING DATA ACCORDING TO UNI 10348 and GENERAL FEATURES

For the adjustment data: NOZZLES - PRESSURE - DIAGRAMS - FLOW RATES - CONSUMPTION refer to the paragraph ADAPTATION TO OTHER TYPES OF GAS.

| | | BWA R 50 c | BWA R 70 |
|--|--------------|--------------------|--------------------|
| Appliance category | | II _{2H3P} | II _{2H3P} |
| Modulation Ratio | | 1:5 | 1:7 |
| Nominal Heat Input on P.C.I. Qn | kW | 48,5 | 67,5 |
| Minimum Heat Input on P.C.I. Qmin | kW | 9,6 | 9,6 |
| Nominal Output (Tr 60 / Tm 80 °C) Pn | kW | 47,2 | 65,5 |
| Minimum Output (Tr 60 / Tm 80 °C) Pn min | kW | 9,1 | 9,1 |
| Nominal Output (Tr 30 / Tm 50 °C) Pcond | kW | 49,3 | 68,5 |
| Minimum Output (Tr 30 / Tm 50 °C) Pcond min | kW | 10,3 | 10,3 |
| Efficiency at max. output (Tr 60 / Tm 80°C) | % | 97,29 | 97,29 |
| Efficiency at min. output (Tr 60 / Tm 80°C) | % | 94,9 | 94,9 |
| Efficiency at max. output (Tr 30 / Tm 50°C)) | % | 101,62 | 101,51 |
| Efficiency at min. output (Tr 30 / Tm 50°C) | % | 104,3 | 104,3 |
| Rendimento al 30% del carico (Tr 30°C) | % | 107,33 | 107,33 |
| Number of stars (according to 92/42 EEC) | | *** | **** |
| Combustion efficiency with nominal load | % | 97,80 | 97,41 |
| Combustion efficiency with minimum load | % | 98,42 | 98,42 |
| Heat loss at casing with burner in operation (Qmin) | % | 3,61 | 3,61 |
| Heat loss at casing with burner in operation (Qn) | % | 0,51 | 0,12 |
| Stand-by losses (with Δt 30°C) | % | 0,2 | 0,2 |
| Flue gas temperature tf-ta (min)(**) | °C | 33 | 33 |
| Flue gas temperature tf-ta (max)(**) | °C | 43,6 | 51,3 |
| Flue gas mass flow rate (min) | kg/h | 15,9 | 15,9 |
| Flue gas mass flow rate (min) | | 80.0 | 111,4 |
| Fide gas mass now rate (max) Excess λ air | kg/h % | | |
| | | 26,84 | 20,57 |
| (***) CO ₂ (min/max) | % | 9,0- 9,2 | 9,5 - 9,5 |
| Flue losses with burner in operation (min) | % | 1,58 | 1,58 |
| Flue losses with burner in operation (max) | % | 2,20 | 2,59 |
| Flue losses with burner off (depression "0") | % | 0,2 | 0,2 |
| Portata d'acqua alla potenza nominale (ΔT 15°C) | I/h | 2837 | 3927 |
| Portata d'acqua alla potenza nominale (ΔT 20°C) | I/h | 2120 | 2946 |
| Minimum heating circuit pressure | bar | 0,5 | 0,5 |
| Maximum heating circuit pressure | bar | 6 | 6 |
| Max allowable pressure of the generator | bar | 8 | 8 |
| Water content | | 3,9 | 3,9 |
| Gas Consumption Natural (20 mbar) gas G 20 a Qn | m³/h | 5,13 | 7,14 |
| Gas Consumption Natural gas (20 mbar) G 20 a Qmin | m³/h | 1,02 | 1,02 |
| Gas Consumption G25 (supply pressure 25 mbar) Qn | m³/h | | |
| Gas Consumption G25 (supply pressure 25 mbar) Qmin | m³/h | | |
| Gas Consumption G31 (supply pressure 37/50 mbar) Qn | kg/h | 3,76 | 5,24 |
| Gas Consumption G31 (supply pressure 37/50 mbar) Qmin | kg/h | 0,75 | 0,75 |
| Max. available pressure at the chimney base | Pa | 40 | 40 |
| Condensate production max | kg/h | 7,8 | 10,87 |
| Emissioni | | • | • |
| CO at Minimum Heat Input with 0% of O2 | mg/kWh | 19,7 | 19,7 |
| NOx at Nominal Heat Input with 0% of O2 | mg/kWh | 68 | 68 |
| NOx at Minimum Heat Input with 0% of O2 | mg/kWh | 37 | 37 |
| The second secon | | | |
| NOx Weighted value according EN 15420) | mg/kWh | 33,9 | 34,68 |
| NOx Class | | 5 | 5 |
| NOX Glado | | | |
| Electrical Data | | I | |
| Voltage/Frequency electric power supply | V/Hz | 230/50 | 230/50 |
| | | 4 | 4 |
| Fuse on main supply Maximum absorbed output | A (R) | | |
| Maximum absorbed output | | 172 | 290 |
| Minimum absorbed output | W | 77 | 145 |
| Standby Consumption | W | 16 | 16 |
| Insulation degree | IP | X4D | X4D |
| (*) (*) Room Temperature = 20°C | | | |
| (**) Temperatures detected with the unit in operation (Tr 60 / T | | | |

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

3.1 - GENERAL WARNINGS



ATTENTION!

This boiler is intended solely for the use for which it was expressly designed. Any other use is to be considered improper and therefore dangerous.

This boiler heats water at a temperature lower than the atmospheric pressure boiling temperature.

Before connecting the boiler, have professionally qualified personnel:



- a) Thoroughly wash all the piping of the system to remove any residues or impurities which could jeopardise proper operation of the boiler, even from a hygienic point of view.
- b) Check that boiler is set up to operate with the available type of fuel.
 This can be seen written on the package and on the technical feature plate;
- c) Check that the chimney/flue has an appropriate draught, without any bottlenecks, and that no exhausts from other appliances are inserted, unless the flue has been implemented to accommodate several utilities according to specific standards and regulations in force. Only after this check can the fitting between the boiler and chimney/flue be mounted;



ATTENTION!

If there is dust and/or if there are aggressive/ corrosive vapours present in the installation room, the appliance must be protected suitably and must be able to operate independently from the air in the room.



ATTENTION!

Only mount the appliance on a closed wall, made of non-flammable material, flat, vertical so that the minimum distances required for installation and maintenance can be observed.



The boiler must be connected to a central heating system and/or domestic hot water supply network compatible with its efficiency and output.

3.2 - INSTALLATION STANDARDS

t must be installed by a professionally qualified technician, who shall take the responsibility of observing all local and/or national laws published in the official journal, as well as the applicable technical standards.

3.4 - PACKAGING

The boiler $BWA\ 50\ /\ 70\ c$ is supplied completely assembled in a sturdy cardboard box.



After having removed the appliance from the packaging, make sure that the supply is complete and undamaged.



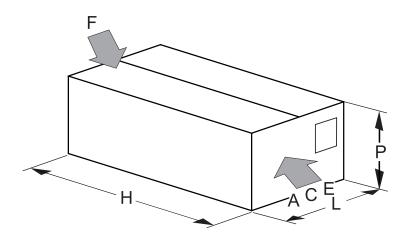
The packaging elements (cardboard box, straps, plastic bags, etc.) must be kept out of the reach of children as they are potential sources of danger.

Schuster will not be held liable for damage to persons, animals or objects due to failure to comply with the instruction above.



A DOCUMENTATION ENVELOPE

- User operating instructions booklet
- Instruction booklet for the installer and maintenance engineer
- Certificate of conformity
- Gas conversion label
- C 3 rawlplugs for boiler attachment
- E Boiler support bracket
- F Condensate evacuation siphon
- G Aluminum pipe Ø 80 mm for smoke evacuation (located inside the boiler)



| BWA R 50 | | | | | | |
|------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| P depth | L width (mm) | H heigh (mm) | Net Weight (kg) | Gross Weight (kg) | | |
| 370 | 715 | 1025 | 50 | 55 | | |

| BWA R 70 | | | | | | |
|------------|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------|--|--|
| P depth | L width (mm) | H heigh (mm) | Net Weight (kg) | Gross Weight (kg) | | |
| 370 | 715 | 1025 | 58,4 | 64 | | |

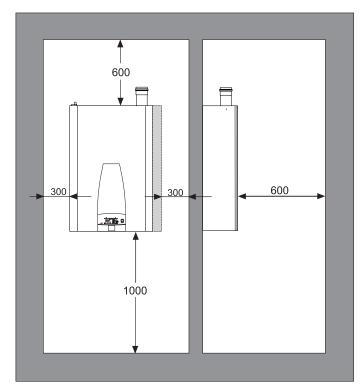
3.5 - POSITIONING IN BOILER ROOM

Particular importance should be given to local regulations and laws in terms of boiler room and especially the minimum distance that must be kept clear around the boiler.

The installation must conform to the requirements contained in the most recent regulations and laws in terms of boiler room, installations of heating and production of hot water, ventilation, chimneys suitable to discharge the products of combustion of condensing boilers, and everything else applicable.

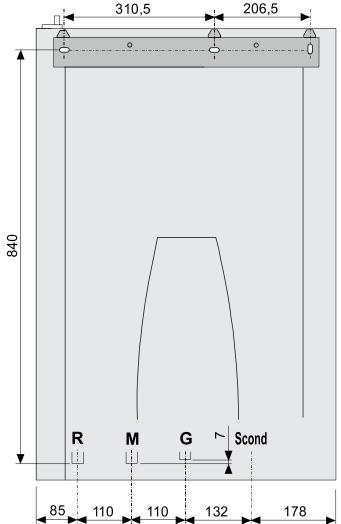
When choosing the place of the installation of the appliance, follow the safety instructions below:

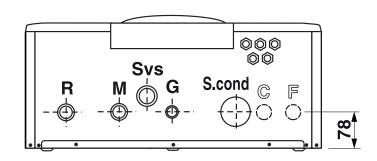
- Place the appliance in rooms protected from frost.
- Avoid installation in rooms with a corrosive or very dusty atmosphere.
- The appliance must only be installed on a vertical and solid wall which can support its weight.
- The wall must not be made of flammable material.





Observe the minimum distances of encumbrance in order to perform the operations of normal maintenance and cleaning.





| [5 | Solo con kit ACS | | | |
|----|------------------|--------|--|--|
| 7 | ; | CALDA | | |
| F | : | FREDDA | | |

3.6 - FLUE GAS EXHAUST PIPE CONNECTION FOR BOILERS WITH FORCED DRAUGHT

To connect the flue gas exhaust pipe, local and national standards must be observed

In the event the boiler is replaced, ALWAYS re-

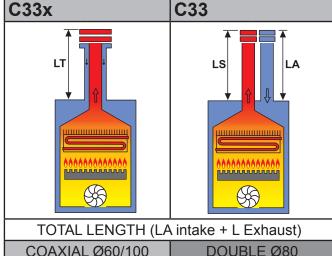
C13x C13

% Slope towards outlet = 3%

TOTAL LENGTH (LA intake + L Exhaust)

| COAXIAL | Ø60/100 | DOUBI | _E Ø80 | |
|----------|-----------|--|----------------------------------|--|
| FROM [m] | UP TO [m] | FROM [m] | UP TO [m] | |
| 1 | 5,5 | 1+1 | 40 (20A+20S) | |
| COASSIAL | E Ø80/125 | SDOPPI | ATO Ø60 | |
| FROM [m] | UP TO [m] | FROM [m] | UP TO [m] | |
| 1 | 8 | 1+1 | 20 (10A+10S) | |
| | | nlet pipe a exhaust pip mm - max 5 | nd flue gas be: min 250 00 | |

<u>Horizontal</u> exhaust and intake terminals directed outside via coaxial or double pipes

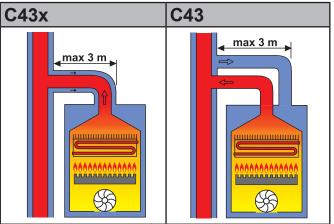


| 00/0/1/12 | 200/100 | ВООВ | |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|
| FROM [m] | UP TO [m] | FROM [m] | UP TO [m] |
| 1 | 7 | 0,5 + 0,5 | 40 (20A+20S) |
| COAXIAL | Ø80/125 | DOUBL | _E Ø80 |
| FROM [m] | UP TO [m] | FROM [m] | UP TO [m] |
| 1 | 9 | 1 + 1 | 20 (10A+10S) |

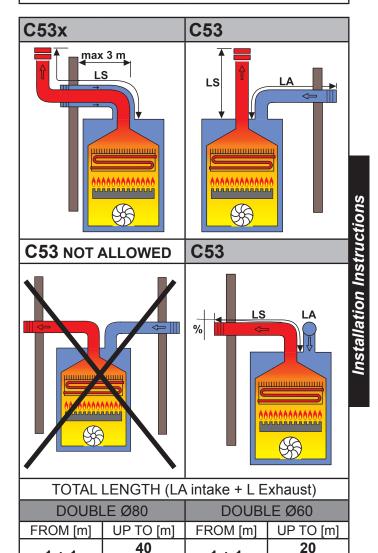
<u>Vertical</u> exhaust and intake terminals directed outside via coaxial or double pipes..

place the flue gas pipe as well.

The boiler is type approved for the exhaust configurations listed below:



<u>Collective chimney flue</u> system, consisting of two pipes, one for combustion air intake and the other one for combustion products evacuation, coaxial or double.



Separate combustion air intake and combustion products evacuation pipes.

1 + 1

1 + 1

These pipes can discharge into areas with different pressure.

C63x

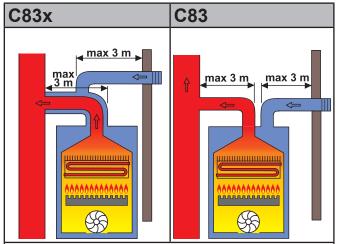
C63

Boiler intended for connection to a combustion air intake and combustion products evacuation system, approved and sold separately.

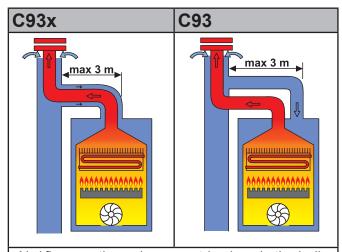


ATTENTION:

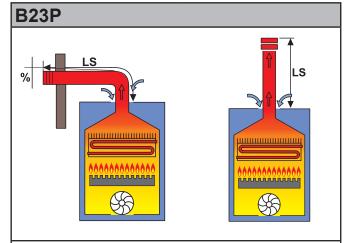
The flue must comply with standards in force



Connection to a terminal for combustion air intake and flue gas exhaust via a single or collective chimney.



Air / flue gas through concentric pipes in the boiler room and single pipes in the chimney (combustion air with counterlow in the chimney)



LUNGHEZZA TOTALE (LScarico)

| EONOTIEZZA TOTALE (Eocanico) | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------|--|--|--|
| DOUBLE Ø80 | | | | |
| UP [m] | TO [m] | | | |
| 1 | 30 | | | |

Connection to a combustion products evacuation pipe outside the room; the combustion air is taken directly from the room where the appliance is installed.



ATTENTION:

For the type of connection **B23P** the room follows the same installation rules for boilers with natural draught.



CAUTION

LT total length is a reference value for the dimensioning of the ducts of A (intake) and S (Exhaust). Subtracting the values of LT reported, at values of bends* / terminals* / extensions* you get the value:

if > 0 = OK - POSSIBLE configurationif < 0 = NO - WRONG configuration

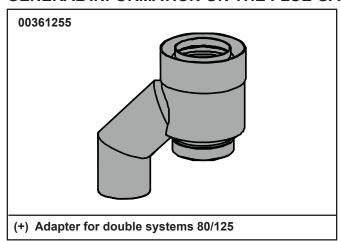
(*) Values in the **MT018** available on the website.



Please note:

These values relate to exhausts/ made by means of rigid pipes and smooth original Schuster

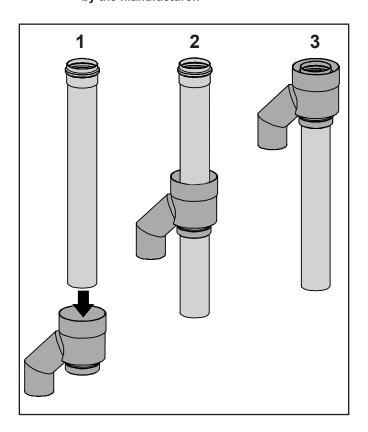
GENERAL INFORMATION ON THE FLUE GAS EXHAUST SYSTEM

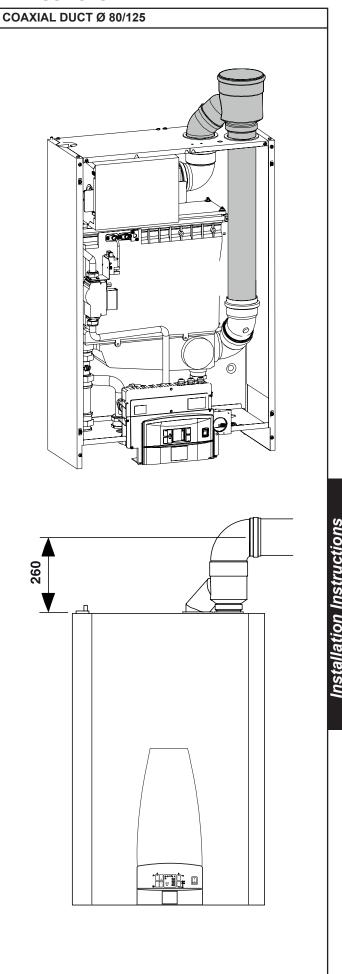


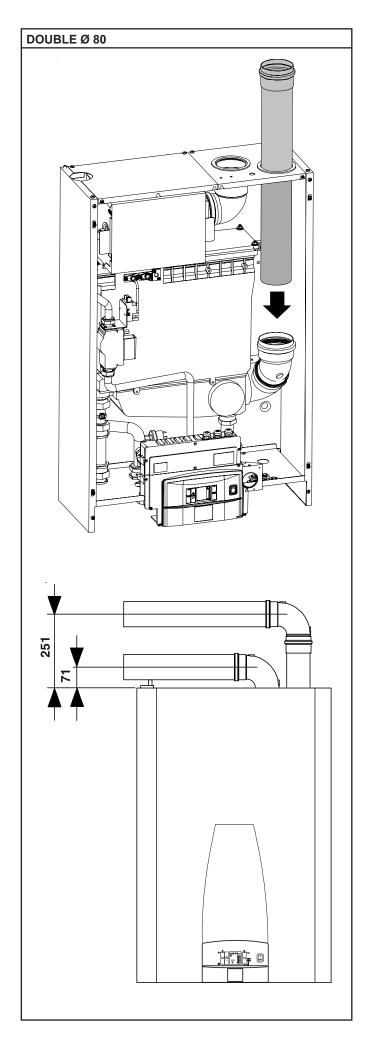


It is recommended to only use original Schuster exhaust pipes.

The supplier will have no contractual or extra-contractual liability for damage caused due to incorrect installation and use and in any case failure to comply with the instructions provided by the manufacturer.









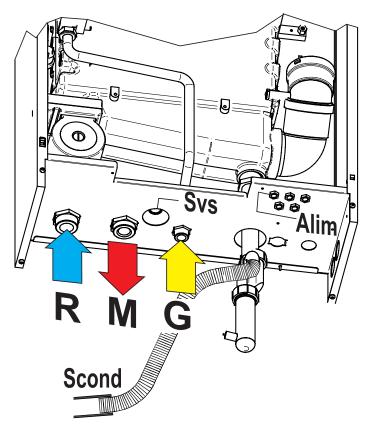
Danger!

The gas connection must be carried out only by a qualified installer who must respect and apply that foreseen by relevant laws in force in the local prescriptions of the supply company. Incorrect installation can cause damage to persons, animals and objects for which the manufacturer cannot be held responsible.



If you smell gas:

- a) Do not operate electric switches, the telephone or any other object that may cause sparks;
- b) Immediately open doors and windows to create air current to purify the room;
- c) Shut the gas cocks.



| | | BWAR 50 | BWAR 70 |
|---|--------|---------|---------|
| М | FLOW | G 1" | G1 ¼" |
| R | RETURN | G 1" | G1 ¼" |

| S.cond | CONDENSATION DRAIN |
|--------|---|
| Svs | SAFETY VALVE DRAIN Provide a drain pipe with funnel and a trap that lead to a suitable drain, in correspondence of Svs. This drainage must be controlled on sight. If this precaution is not taken, triggering of the safety valve can cause damage to persons, animals |

be held responsible..

and objects, for which the manufacturer cannot

Condensation drain

The boiler, during the combustion process, produces condensation that, through pipe "A", flows into the trap.

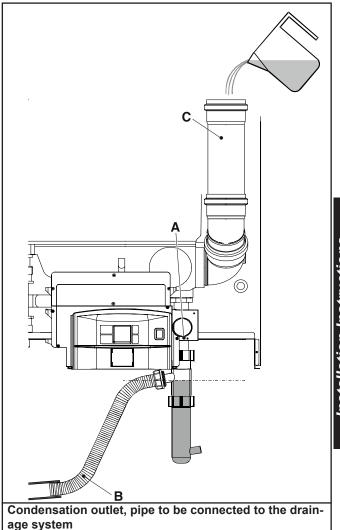
The condensation that forms inside the boiler flows into a suitable drain via pipe "B".

Danger!

Before commissioning the appliance:

- check that the trap is assembled properly
- fill the trap and check that the condensation is drained properly

If the appliance is used with an empty condensation drain trap, there is an intoxication hazard due to the release of exhaust gasses..





The connection between the appliance and the domestic waste system must be made in compliance with the specific reference standards..

3.8 - FILLING THE SYSTEM



Attention!

Do not mix the heating water with incorrect concentrations of antifreeze or anti-corrosion substances! This could damage the gaskets and cause noise during operation.

Schuster will not be held liable for damage to persons, animals or objects due to failure to comply with the above instruction.



Pressure in the mains supply must be between 0.5 and 6 bar (In case of higher pressure a pressure reducer it must be installed)



To fill the system is necessary to provide a loading tap on the heating circuit, or use the optional accessories.



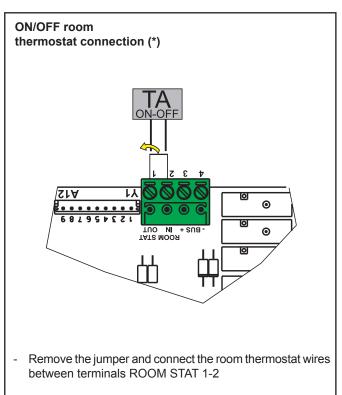
The system must be equipped with its own drain valve, with a size suitable to the capacity of the system.

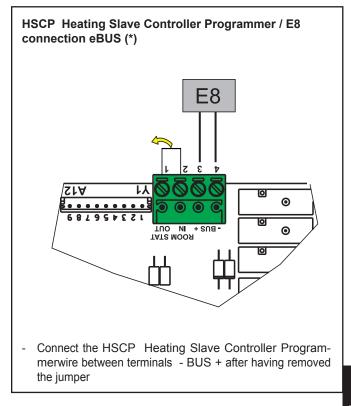
3.9 - ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

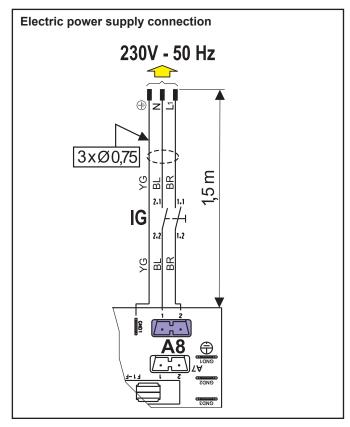


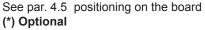
Danger!
Only a qualified technician may perform the electrical installation.

Before performing connections or any type of operation on electrical parts, always disconnect electrical power and make sure that it cannot be reconnected accidentally.











The boiler is equipped with a power cable, boiler installation requires electric al connection to the mainspower supply. This connection must be made up to standard, as required the regulations in force.



Remember that a bipolar switch must be installed on the boiler power line with over 3 mm between contacts, easy to access, making maintenance quick and safe.



The power cable must be replaced by **Schuster** authorised technical staff, using original spare parts only. Failure to comply with the above can jeopardise the safety of the appliance.

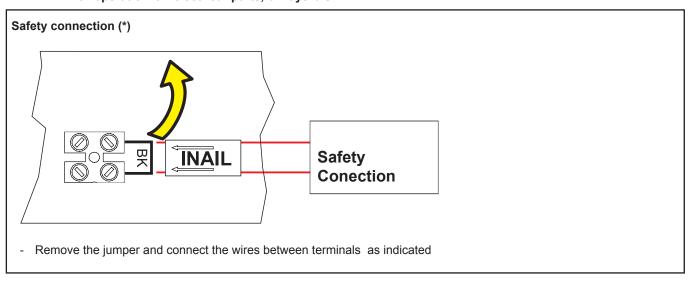


Danger!

Only a qualified technician may perform the electrical installation.

Before performing connections or any type of operation on electrical parts, always dis-

connect electrical power and make sure that it cannot be reconnected accidentally.



3.10 - COMMISSIONING



Commissioning must be done by professionally qualified personnel. Schuster will not be held liable for damage to persons, animals or objects due to failure to comply with the above instruction.

Before commissioning the boiler, check that:

| does the installation meet the specific standards and regulations in force, both relating to the gas part as well as the electrical part? | |
|---|--|
| do the combustion air intake and flue gas exhaust take place properly according to what is defined by the specific rules and regulations in force? | |
| is the fuel supply system sized according to the capacity required by the boiler? Is it equipped with all safety and control devices required by the standards in force? | |
| is the power supply of the boiler 230V - 50Hz? | |
| has the system been filled with water (approximately 0.8/1 bar pressure on the pressure gauge with the pump stopped)? | |
| Has the condensation drain trap been filled with water as indicated in chapter 3.7? | |
| are any system shut-off gate valves open? | |
| does the gas to be used correspond to the boiler calibration gas?: otherwise, perform the boiler conversion in order to use the gas available (see section: 4.3"); this operation must be carried out by technical staff qualified in compliance with the standards in force; | |
| is the gas supply valve open? | |
| has the system been checked for gas leaks? | |
| is the outside main switch ON? | |
| is the system safety valve efficient and is it connected to the drains? is the condensation drain trap connected to the drains? | |
| has the system been checked for water leaks? | |
| are the ventilation conditions and minimum distances to perform any maintenance ensured? | |
| have the GAS, HEATING and DOMESTIC HOT WATER pipes been cleaned thoroughly with products suitable for each circuit? | |
| has a surveillance and protection system against gas leaks been installed? (Optional) | |
| are the system pipes NOT used as the electrical system earthing? | |
| has the system been sized properly bearing in mind the radiator pressure drops? thermostatic valves, radiator stop valves | |
| has the operator been trained and has the documentation been supplied? | |
| Please tick the operations performed | |

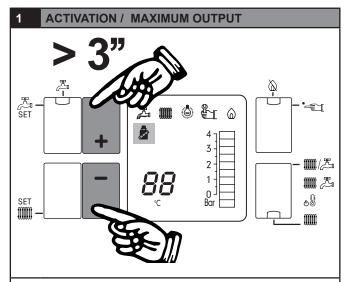
3.11 -MEASUREMENT OF COMBUSTION EFFICIENCY DURING INSTALLATION

3.11.1- ACTIVATION OF THE CALIBRATION FUNCTION

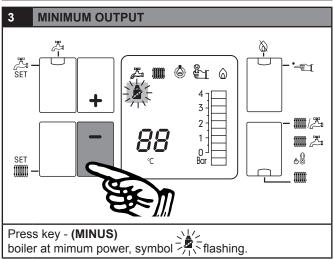


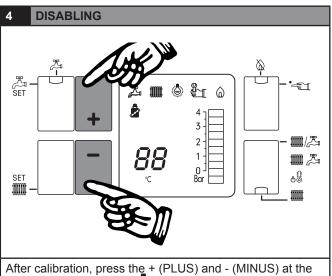
ATTENTION!

Function reserved for Authorised Assistance Centres only.



Press the key + (**PLUS**) and - (**MINUS**) for at least 3 seconds: boiler at max power, symbol ight .





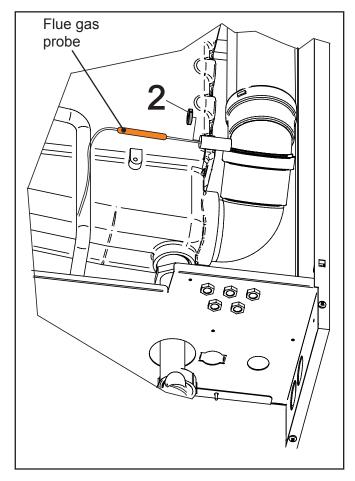
🏚 off.

3.11.2 - POSITIONING THE PROBES

To determine the combustion efficiency one must make the following measurements:

- measurement of the combustion air temperature
- measurement of the flue gas temperature and content of CO₂ taken in the relevant hole **2**.

Take the measurements with the generator in steady state conditions (see par. 3.11.1).



same time, the symbol

3.12 - ADJUSTING THE BURNER



All boilers leave the factory already calibrated and tested, however in the event the gas valve recalibration are required:



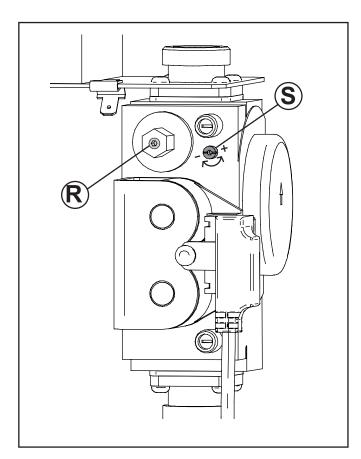
Remove the cap and insert the CO2 analysis probe in the flue gas sample point of the intake/exhaust terminal, see chap. 3.11.2.

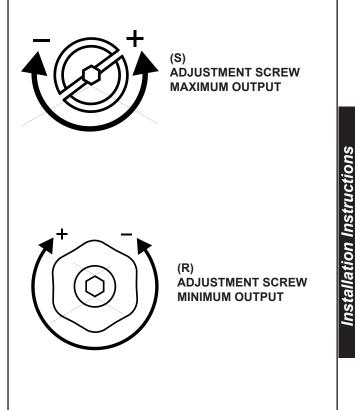
1) Maximum output adjustment

- Operate the boiler in "calibration" mode at MAXIMUM OUT-PUT (see 3.11.1)
- Once the burner is on check that the CO₂ "MAXIMUM" value corresponds to that indicated in the table "NOZZLES - PRESSURE".
- if it does not correspond, correct it by turning the screw "S" CLOCKWISE to decrease it, ANTICLOCKWISE to increase it.

2) Minimum output adjustment

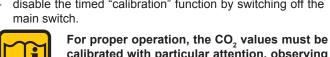
- Operate the boiler in "calibration" mode at MINIMUM OUTPUT (see 3.11.1)
- Once the burner is on check that the CO₂ "MINIMUM" value corresponds to that indicated in the table "NOZZLES - PRES-SURE".
- Correct it if needed by turning (with a screwdriver) the screw "R"; CLOCKWISE to increase it, ANTICLOCKWISE to decrease it





3) Conclusion of the basic calibrations

- once the CO2 values at minimum and maximum output have been checked and any adjustments have been made (sections 1-2):
- disable the timed "calibration" function by switching off the



- close the flue gas inspection sample points of the intake and exhaust terminal
- check that there are no gas leaks.

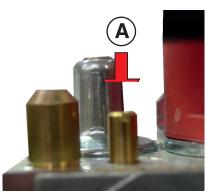


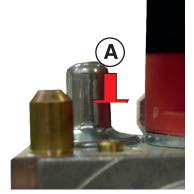
calibrated with particular attention, observing the values indicated in the table.

In case of gas valve replacement or difficult

Tighten the maximum adjustment screw "A" in a clockwise direction until you arrive to the abutting end, than slacken for 7 turns. Verify the boiler ignition; if the boiler goes into lockout slacken the screw "A" again of one turn, than retry the ignition. If the boiler goes into lockout again, carry out the above indicated operations until the boiler is lighted.

At this point carry out the burner adjustment as previously indicated.







If the CO2 percentage is too low, check if the air and smoke ducts are not obstructed.

If they are not obstructed, check if the burner and/or the exchanger (aluminium sections) are well cleaned.

NOZZLES - PRESSURE - FLOW RATES TABLE

Check the levels of CO2 often, especially with low flow rates. They refer to the boiler with a closed combustion chamber.

| BWA R 50 | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|-------|-----|------------------------|------|--------------------|----|
| Type of Gas | Supply Press. | Ø Nozzles | Collector diaphragm | Fan speed | | | CO ₂ levels | | Start-up power. | |
| | [mbar] | (mm) | [Ø/n. holes] | min max | | [%] | | [%] | | |
| | | | | FL | [rpm] | FH | [rpm] | min | max | IG |
| Nat gas (G20) | 20 | 5,6 | - | 26 | 1550 | 95 | 5700 | 9,5 | 9,5 | 40 |
| Nat gas (G25) | 25 | 7,0 | - | 26 | 1550 | 95 | 5700 | 9,5 | 9,5 | 50 |
| Propane (G31) | 37 | 5,6 | - | 24 | 1460 | 92 | 5500 | 11,0 | 11,0 | 45 |

| BWA R 70 | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------------|------------------|--------------|------------------------|--------------|-------|----|------------------------|------|--------------------|-----|
| Type of Gas | Supply Press. | Ø Nozzles | Collector diaphragm | Fan speed | | | CO ₂ levels | | Start-up power. | |
| | [mbar] | (mm) | [Ø/n. holes] | m | in | n | nax | [9 | 6] | [%] |
| | | | | FL | [rpm] | FH | [rpm] | min | max | IG |
| Nat gas (G20) | 20 | 9 | - | 20 | 1440 | 95 | 6850 | 9,5 | 9,5 | 50 |
| Nat gas (G25) | 25 | 9 | - | 20 | 1440 | 95 | 6850 | 9,5 | 9,5 | 50 |
| Propane (G31) | 37 | 9 | - | 20 | 1440 | 90 | 6500 | 11,0 | 11,0 | 60 |

3.12.1 - ADAPTATION OF THE POWER TO THE HEATING SYSTEM



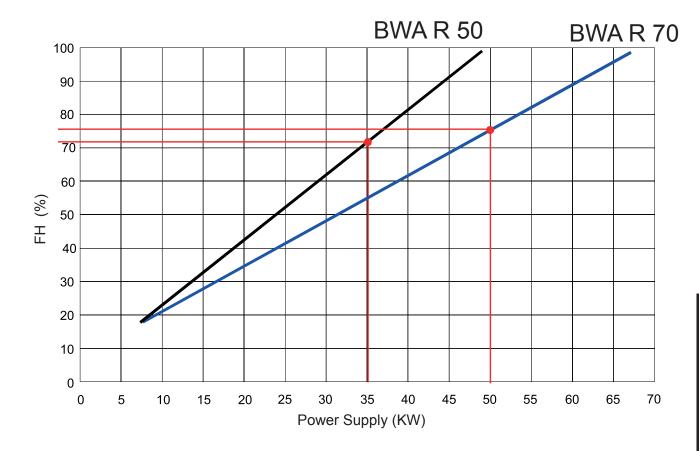
ATTENTION!

Function reserved for Authorised Assistance Centres only.

The user is NOT authorised to activate the function described below.

It is possible to adjust the maximum thermal capacity in heating mode, by decreasing the burner pressure value.

Act on parameter **HP** (par. 4.2 SE parameters list) to achieve the value corresponding to the desired output.



E.g. **BWA R 50**

to decrease the output of the boiler to 35 kW, edit parameter HP (about 72).

Es: **BWA R 70 c**

to decrease the output of the boiler to 50 kW, edit parameter HP (about 76).



INSPECTIONS AND MAINTENANCE



Inspections and maintenance performed professionally and according to a regular schedule, as well as the use of original spare parts, are of the utmost importance for fault-free operation of the boiler and to guarantee its long life.

Yearly maintenance of the appliance is mandatory in compliance with Laws in force.



Failure to perform Inspections and Maintenance can entail material and personal damage.

4.1 - INSPECTION AND MAINTENANCE INSTRUCTIONS

To assure long-term functioning of your appliance and to avoid altering its approved status, only original Schuster spare parts must be used.

If a component needs to be replaced:

- Disconnect the appliance from the electrical mains and make sure that it cannot be reconnected accidentally.
- · Close the gas shut-off valve upstream the boiler.
- If needed, and depending on the intervention to be carried out, close any shut-off valves on the flow and return line of the heating system, as well as the cold water inlet valve.

Once all maintenance operations are complete resume boiler operation.

- Open the heating flow and return pipes, as well as the cold water inlet valve (if closed previously).
- Vent and, if necessary, restore the heating pressure until reaching a pressure of 0.8/1.0 bar.
- · Open the gas shut-off valve.
- · Switch the boiler on
- · Make sure the appliance is gas tight and watertight.

| | TABLE OF RESISTANCE VALUES, ACCORDING TO THE TEMPERATURE, TO THE HEATING PROBE 11 (SR) AND TO THE DOMESTIC HOT WATER PROBE 1 (SS) AND ANY HEATING RETURN PROBE 22 (SRR) see par. 4.5. | | | | | | | | | |
|-----|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| T°C | 0 | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 6 | 7 | 8 | 9 |
| 0 | 32755 | 31137 | 29607 | 28161 | 26795 | 25502 | 24278 | 23121 | 22025 | 20987 |
| 10 | 20003 | 19072 | 18189 | 17351 | 16557 | 15803 | 15088 | 14410 | 13765 | 13153 |
| 20 | 12571 | 12019 | 11493 | 10994 | 10519 | 10067 | 9636 | 9227 | 8837 | 8466 |
| 30 | 8112 | 7775 | 7454 | 7147 | 6855 | 6577 | 6311 | 6057 | 5815 | 5584 |
| 40 | 5363 | 5152 | 4951 | 4758 | 4574 | 4398 | 4230 | 4069 | 3915 | 3768 |
| 50 | 3627 | 3491 | 3362 | 3238 | 3119 | 3006 | 2897 | 2792 | 2692 | 2596 |
| 60 | 2504 | 2415 | 2330 | 2249 | 2171 | 2096 | 2023 | 1954 | 1888 | 1824 |
| 70 | 1762 | 1703 | 1646 | 1592 | 1539 | 1488 | 1440 | 1393 | 1348 | 1304 |
| 80 | 1263 | 1222 | 1183 | 1146 | 1110 | 1075 | 1042 | 1010 | 979 | 949 |
| 90 | 920 | 892 | 865 | 839 | 814 | 790 | 766 | 744 | 722 | 701 |

Relation between the temperature (°C) and the nom. resistance (Ohm) of the heating probe SR and of the domestic hot water probe SS

Example: At 25°C, the nominal resistance is 10067 Ohm At 90°C, the nominal resistance is 920 Ohm

| ROUTINE YEARLY VERIFICATION OPERATIONS | | | | | | |
|--|---|---|--|--|--|--|
| COMPONENT: | VERIFY: | CONTROL/INTERVENTION METH-OD: | | | | |
| VG (Gas valve) (3) | Does the valve modulate properly? | The verification is performed on the "Calibration" requiring 100%, in 50%, the minimum percentage of modulation. Make sure that the flame modulate. | | | | |
| SR (heating sensor)(11) SS (domestic hot water sensor) (1) | Do the sensors maintain the original characteristics? | 12571 ohm at 20° C / 1762 ohm at 70° C. Measurement to be taken with the wires disconnected (see table Res/ Temp). | | | | |
| E ACC (ignition electrode) (28) | Does the discharge of sparks before putting the boiler in safe conditions last less than 3 sec.? | Detach the electrode ionisation wire and check the securing time. | | | | |
| E RIV (detection electrode) (27) | Flame present but not detected | Check connection cable (oxidation socket) or condizoni / detection electrode placement. | | | | |
| TL (anti-overheating limit thermostat) (10) | Does the TL put the boiler in safety conditions when overheating? | Heat the TL until it intervenes at 102°C and check that it intervenes at 102°. | | | | |
| DK (safety pressure switch against water deficiency) (13) | Does the pressure switch block the boiler if the water pressure is below 0.4 bar? | Without request: close the shut-off valves of the heating circuit, open the drain valve to make the water pressure decrease. Before pressurising again, check the pressure of the expansion vessel. | | | | |
| Condensation drain trap (27) | Has the trap got deposits on the bottom? | Clean the trap with water. | | | | |
| Heat exchanger body (9) | 1) Measure the Thermal Capacity using a meter and compare the value with that contained in table 3.12. The data measured indicates if the exchanger needs cleaning. 2) Check that the space between the rungs of the exchanger are not clogged | It is recommended to use the products purposely created by Schuster (see system protection ACCESSORIES sect. in the domestic price list), being careful to wash the area with most rungs first (lowest part visible from above) and then the upper part if necessary. | | | | |
| Burner (5) | Check the state of cleanliness of the burner mesh | Remove any deposits using compressed air, blowing from the mesh side. | | | | |
| (Num) = see key Par. 2.2 | , | | | | | |

4.3 - ADAPTATION TO THE USE OF OTHER GAS

The boilers are produced for the type of gas specifically requested upon ordering.



DANGER!

The conversion for the operation of the boiler with a type of gas other than that specifically required in the order, must be performed by professionally qualified personnel, in compliance with the standards and regulations in force.

The manufacturer cannot be held liable for any damage resulting from a conversion operation that is incorrect or not performed in compliance with the laws in force and/or with the instructions given.



ATTENTION!

After performing the conversion for the operation of the boiler with a type of gas (e.g. propane gas) other than that specifically requested when ordering, the appliance will only work with this new type of gas.



ATTENTION!

Indications for propane gas-fired appliances Make sure that the gas tank has been deaerated before installing the appliance.

For state-of-the-art deaeration of the tank, contact the LPG supplier or a person qualified in compliance with law.

If the tank has not been professionally deaerated, ignition problems could arise.

In that case, contact the supplier of the LPG tank.

Gas Conversion

For the conversion of the boiler from a gas to an other one it is necessary to proceed as follows:

- 1. Remove the front casing
- 2. Set the maximum pressure adjusting screw (S.) at approximately half range and screw of a turn the minimum pressure adjusting screw (R), as shown on page 3.12.
- Try to ignite the boiler: if it fails proceed unscrewing of a turn the maximum pressure adjusting screw (S) and retry the ignition. Repeat more times the operation, till the igni tion of the boiler.
- Adjust the CO2 value according to the type of gas as described in the paragraph "3.12 - Adjustment of the burner.

In order to change the gas one must change the Factory parameter FH and FL.

(*) for values, see TABLE NOZZLES - PRESSURE-FLOW

| M | Р | Simb. | Desciption | Value |
|-------------|-------------|-------|-------------------------|-------|
| E | R O P | FH | Fan Speed: maximum | (*) |
| A N E | ANE | FL | Ventilatore: minimum | (*) |

 when the conversion is complete, fill in the information required on the label supplied in the documentation envelope and apply it next to the technical data label of the boiler.

EXAMPLE OF COMPILATION



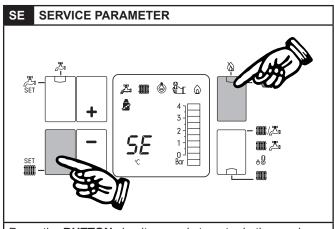
4.4 - PROGRAMMING THE OPERATING PARAMETERS



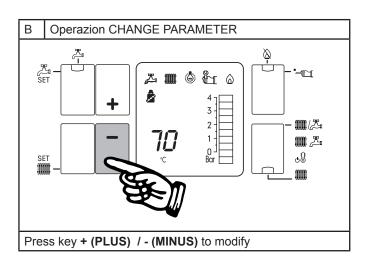
ATTENTION!

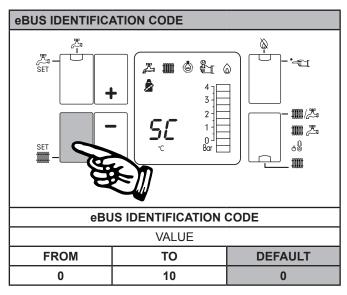
Function reserved for Authorised Assistance Centres only.

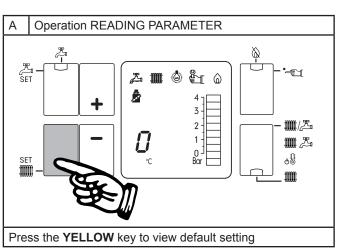
The user is NOT authorised to activate the function described below.

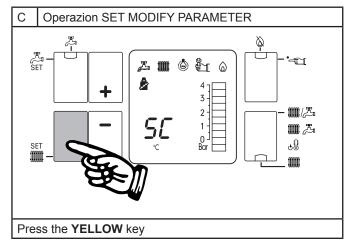


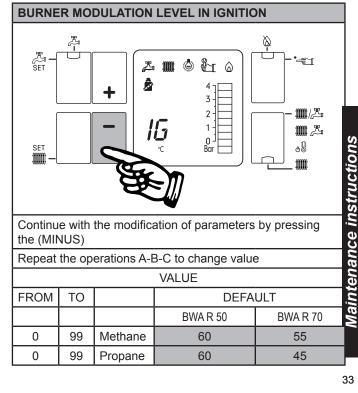
Press the **BUTTON** simultaneously to enter in the service mode SE and change value.

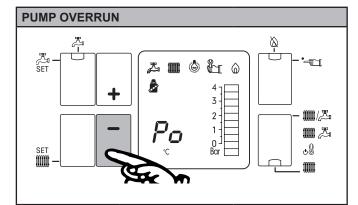








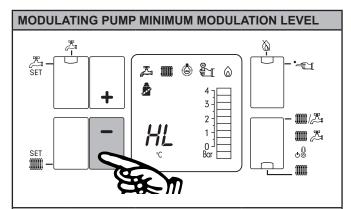




Continue with the modification of parameters by pressing the - (MINUS)

Repeat the operations A-B-C to change value

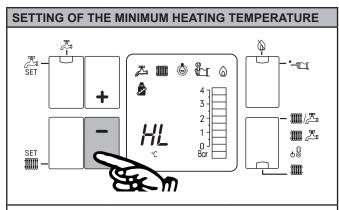
| VALUE | | | | |
|-------|--------|---------|--|--|
| FROM | ТО | DEFAULT | | |
| 1 min | 10 min | 5 min | | |



Continue with the modification of parameters by pressing the - (MINUS)

Repeat the operations A-B-C to change value

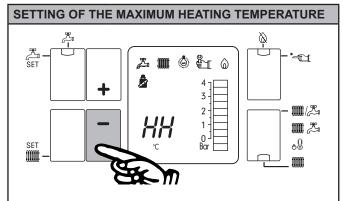
| | VALUE | | | | | |
|------|-------|---------|--------|--|--|--|
| FROM | TO | DEFAULT | | | | |
| | | BWA 50 | BWA 70 | | | |
| 0 % | 99 % | 19 | 25 | | | |



Continue with the modification of parameters by pressing the - (MINUS) $\,$

Repeat the operations A-B-C to change value

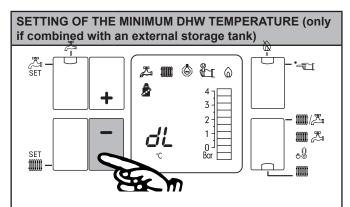
| | VALUE | |
|-------|-------|---------|
| FROM | ТО | DEFAULT |
| 20 °C | 60 °C | 35 °C |



Continue with the modification of parameters by pressing the - (MINUS)

Repeat the operations A-B-C to change value

| VALUE | | | | |
|-------|-------|---------|--|--|
| FROM | ТО | DEFAULT | | |
| 65 °C | 85 °C | 80 °C | | |

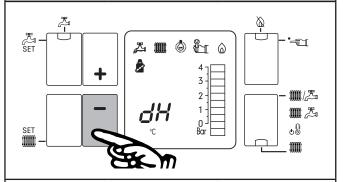


Continue with the modification of parameters by pressing the - (MINUS)

Repeat the operations A-B-C to change value

| VALUE | | | | |
|-----------------|-------|-------|--|--|
| FROM TO DEFAULT | | | | |
| 35 °C | 45 °C | 40 °C | | |

SETTING OF THE MAXIMUM DHW TEMPERATURE (only if combined with an external storage tank)



Continue with the modification of parameters by pressing the - (MINUS)

Repeat the operations A-B-C to change value

| VALUE | | | | |
|-------|-------|---------|--|--|
| FROM | ТО | DEFAULT | | |
| 50 °C | 65 °C | 60 °C | | |

X N

8

DK

띪찖

SS (#) SS (#) kit ACS

SRR SR

| KEY | |
|-------------|---|
| (#) | Optional KIT |
| (*) | Predisposition |
| A1A13 | Services connectors |
| CMP | Modulating pump control |
| DK | Water deficiency safety pressure switch |
| e-BUS | Connection terminals HSCP / E8 |
| E. ACC | Ignition Electrode |
| E. RIV | Detection Elecrode |
| MVD | Diverter valve motor (external tank) |
| MDV kit ACS | Diverter valve motor DHW kit |

DK CPM

(#)

GRUNDFOSS

DK CPM

(#)

wsć

ST2

VM(R)

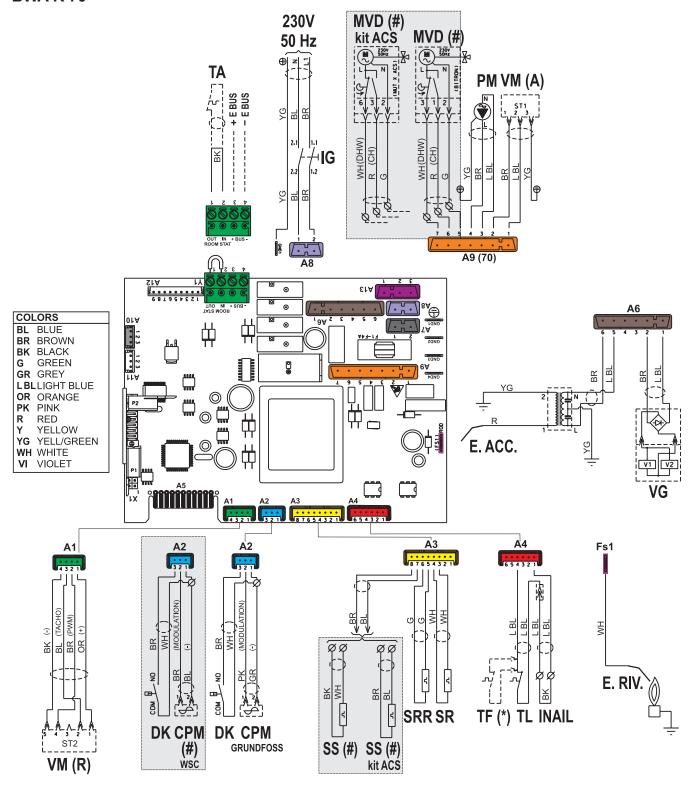
| CAUTION |
|----------------------------------|
| THE KIT ACS / BOILER MUST BE |
| CONNECTED WITH A MODULATION PUMP |

TF (*) TL INAIL

E. RIV.

| P(F) | Pump (BWA 50 - NOT AVAIBLE) | |
|------|-----------------------------------|--|
| PM | Modulating Pump | |
| SR | Flow heating sensor | |
| SRR | Return heating sensor | |
| SS | Domestic hot water probe | |
| TL | Limit thermostat | |
| TF | Smoke Thermostat (Predisposition) | |
| VG | Gas Valve | |
| VM | Modulating fan | |
| TA | On/off TA connection terminals | |

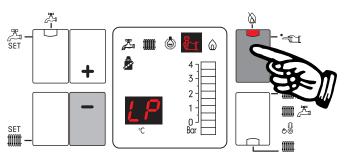
BWAR70



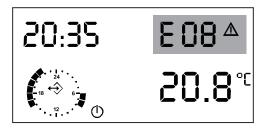
| KEY | | | |
|--------|---|--|--|
| (#) | Optional KIT | | |
| (*) | Predisposition | | |
| A1A13 | Services connectors | | |
| CMP | Modulating pump control | | |
| DK | Water deficiency safety pressure switch | | |
| e-BUS | Connection terminals HSCP / E8 | | |
| E. ACC | Ignition Electrode | | |
| E. RIV | Detection Elecrode | | |
| MVD | Diverter valve motor (external tank) | | |

| MDV kit ACS | Diverter valve motor DHW kit |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| PM | Modulating Pump |
| SR | Flow heating sensor |
| SRR | Return heating sensor |
| SS | Domestic hot water probe |
| TL | Limit thermostat |
| TF | Smoke Thermostat (Predisposition) |
| VG | Gas Valve |
| VM | Modulating fan |
| TA | On/off TA connection terminals |

4.6 - ERROR CODES



Control panel
When indicator fault light, Tress the BUTTON to view the error code on the display.



Display Controller E8 (Optional)For error codes relating to the heating system, refer to the section "Faults Finding" in Instructions for use supplied with the contoller E8.

| | | | | (Num) = see legenda Par. 2.2 | |
|-----------------|------------|----------|--|--|--|
| CODE DISPLAY | E8 CODE | PRIORITY | DESCRIPTION | SOLUTION | |
| db | E13 | | DHW sensor failure (only if the boiler is combined with an external storage tank) | Check the sensor's efficiency and/or its wiring | |
| | E32 | | Mains voltage < 190 Vac | Check that the mains voltage is <190 Vac, if the mains voltage is correct replace the control board. | |
| ďŁ | E15 | | Difference between the heating temperature sensor (SR) and the heating return sensor (SRR) > 35°C. | Check the installation | |
| -b | E14 | | HEATING RETURN SENSOR (22) Failure of the heating return sensor (SRR) | Check the efficiency of the sensor and/ or wiring (22) | |
| 1.[| E40 | | INSUFFICIENT WATER CIRCULATION ($\Delta t > 35^{\circ}$ C) | Check the operation the pump (12) and its speed - remove any obstructions in the heating system - clean heat exchanger health encrusted. | |
| HŁ | E06 | | HIGH TEMPERATURE Over high temperature detected by the heating sensor (SR) (>95°C) | Check the operation the pump and possibly clean the heat exchanger. (24) | |
| LF | E05 | | Loss of flame signal during boiler operation | Press the reset key on the panel | |
| | E04 | | No flame detected during the ignition phase. | ion Press the reset key on the control panel | |
| FL | E24 | | FAN SPEED OUT OF CONTROL Alteration of the fan speed. Fan speed is not achieved. | Check the operation of the fan (18) and connections | |
| FH | E26 | | SPEED OUT OF CONTROL Alteration of the fan speed Fan speed hightest than that required | Check the operation of the fan (18) and connections Check the operation of the fan (18) and connections Fill-up the water circuit | |
| LP | E08 | | LACK OF WATER | Fill-up the water circuit | |

| Fr | E16 | Is detection is detection is detection is detection. | NG NGER (24) Sted, the freezing of the heat er. If the heating sensor detects rature below 2 ° C, the burner is inhibited until the sensor detects rature higher than 5 ° C. | Remove power supply, close the gas valve, defrost the heat exchanger carefully. | |
|------------|-----|--|--|---|--|
| HL | E01 | INTERV thermosi | ENTION OF THE HIGH LIMIT at (10) | Press the reset button on the panel and / or verify that the thermostat or its connections are not interrupted | |
| Hb | E12 | | G SENSOR (11) to the sensor heating | Check the efficiency of the sensor (see table Res / Temp) (Pr.4) or its connections. | |
| FP | E30 | Alteratio | ETERS OF FACTORY n of the factory settings due to tromagnetic interference. | Press the reset button if the fault does not clear, replace the board | |
| Fd | E11 | · ···- · | PARASITE etected in ignition | Check the wiring electrode Acc / Ril. and remove any oxidation, press the reset button, if the fault does not clear, replace the electrode (4). | |
| | E20 | · ···- · | PARASITE etected after shutdown | Check the wiring and leakage of the gas valve (3) eventually replace Gas Valve | |
| <i>#</i> = | E10 | INTERN | AL FAULT | Replace the control board. | |
| 5- | | After 10, | ST FOR MAINTENANCE 000 switching On or 2,000 operation of the burner, boiler ervicing | The blink code (Sr) does not prevent the normal operation of the boiler. Service the appliance and subsequently reset the counter by selecting "Cr" from the parameters menù and introducing the relevant resetting code. | |



Provisions for proper disposal of the product in accordance with Directive 2002/96/EC

At the end of its life cycle the product must not be disposed of as urban waste. It can be taken to a special recycling centre managed by the local authorities, or to a dealer who offers this service.

Separate disposal of a domestic appliance avoids possible negative consequences for the environment and human health deriving from inappropriate waste handling and allows the recovery of the materials of which it is made, in order to obtain significant energy and resource savings.

